

# IT<sup>2</sup>

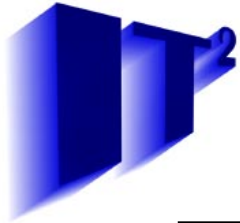
## Information Technology for the Twenty-first Century

Briefing to the Hazards Workshop

by

Bill Turnbull, NOAA

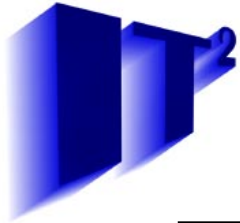
July 13, 1999



# An Investment in America's Future

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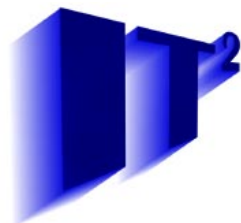
- President Clinton and Vice President Gore propose a \$366M increase in the Government's investment in IT R&D for the fiscal year 2000 budget
- IT<sup>2</sup> builds on the Government's previous accomplishments and current investments



# Major IT<sup>2</sup> Investments

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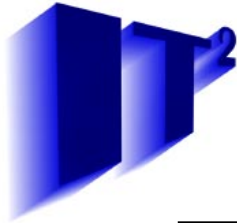
- IT<sup>2</sup> will increase Federal investments in:
  - Fundamental IT research
  - Advanced computing for science, engineering, and the Nation
  - Research in the social and economic implications of the Information Revolution, and support for the education and training of America's IT workforce
  - Enabling Technology Centers & Expedition Centers



# Proposed FY2000 Budget

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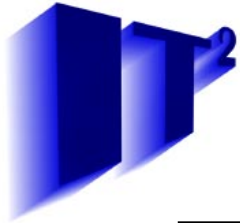
Agency	Fundamental Information Technology Research	Advanced Computing for Science, Engineering, and the Nation	Ethical, Legal, and Social Implications and Workforce Programs	Total
DOD	\$100M	---	---	\$100M
DOE	\$ 6M	\$ 62M	\$ 2M	\$ 70M
NASA	\$ 18M	\$ 19M	\$ 1M	\$ 38M
NIH	\$ 2M	\$ 2M	\$ 2M	\$ 6M
NOAA	\$ 2M	\$ 4M	---	\$ 6M
NSF	<u>\$100M</u>	<u>\$ 36M</u>	<u>\$ 10M</u>	<u>\$146M</u>
Total	\$228M	\$123M	\$ 15M	\$366M



# Fundamental IT Research: Software

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- Highest IT R&D priority according to PITAC
  - The demand for software exceeds our ability to produce it
  - Today's software is fragile, unreliable, and difficult to design, test, maintain, and upgrade
- Proposed research areas:
  - Software engineering
  - End-user programming
  - Component-based software development
  - Active software
  - Autonomous software
  - High-assurance software

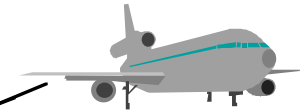
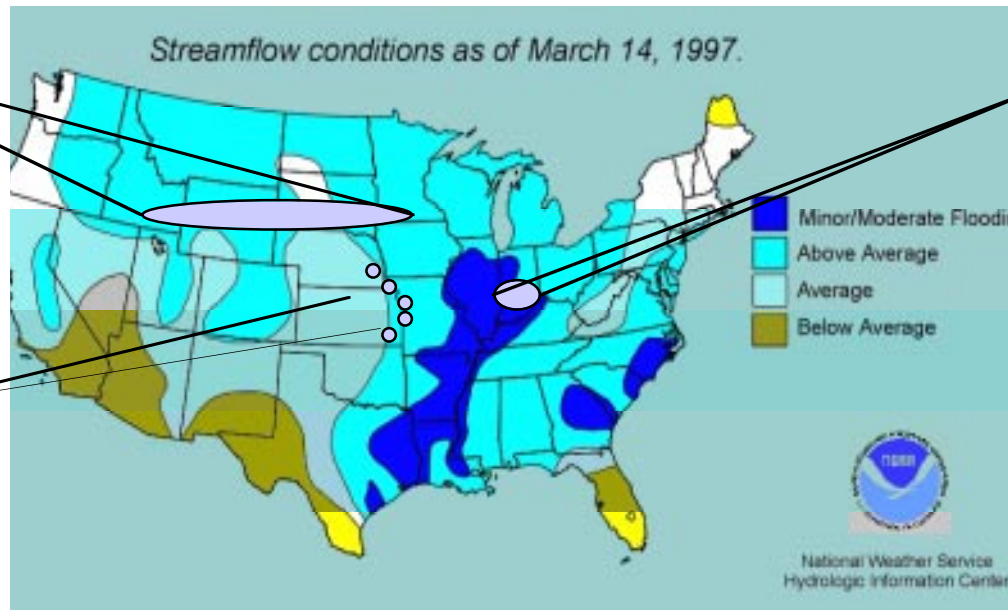
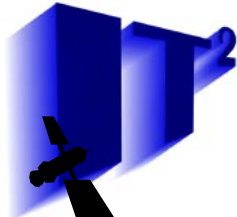


# Fundamental IT Research: Scalable Information Infrastructure

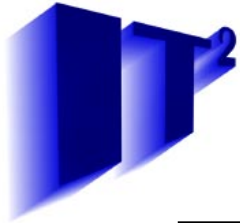
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- Research to support the phenomenal growth of the Internet
  - In 1985 the Internet connected 2,000 computers
  - Today it connects over 37 million computers
  - Future networks will connect at least a billion users and will be more complex - they will connect sensors, wireless modems, and embedded devices
- Proposed research areas:
  - Deeply networked systems
  - Anytime, anywhere connectivity
  - Network modeling and simulation

# Crisis Management requires Gigabits



Sensor Systems	Resolution	Bandwidth / channel	Multiple Channels
Satellite	$10^3 \times 10^3$ pixels	8 bit/color, 30 frames ==> 240 Mb/s	3 colors: <b>720 Mb/s</b> IR, $\mu$ -wave : 480 Mb/s
UAV/video	$3 \cdot 10^3 \times 3 \cdot 10^3$ pixels	8 bit/color, 30 frames ==> 2 Gb/s	3 Colors: 6 Gb/s IR, $\mu$ -wave : <b>4 Gb/s</b>
radar	1 Ghz bandwidth	Nyquist, dynamic range ==> 20 Gb/s	<b>20 Gb/s</b>
Cellular	100 Mhz bandwidth	2 Gb/s	5 bands ==> <b>10 Gb/s</b>



# Fundamental IT Research: High-End Computing

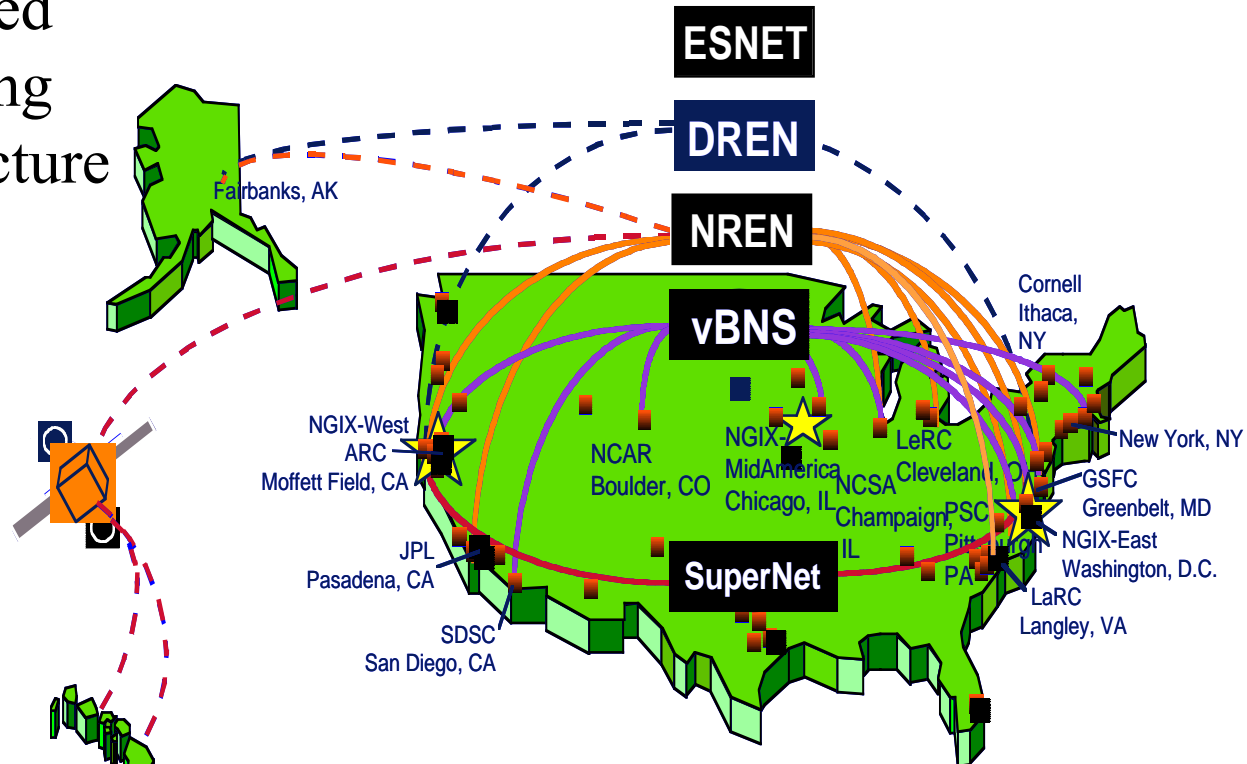
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- Leading-edge research for future generations of computing to:
  - Improve computational speed on applications
  - Increase the efficiency of massively parallel systems, with a focus on systems software
  - Develop technologies to enable future systems capable of a thousand trillion ( $10^{15}$ ) calculations per second
- Proposed research areas:
  - Improved supercomputer performance and efficiency
  - Creation of a computational grid
  - Revolutionary computing



# Distributed Computing Infrastructure

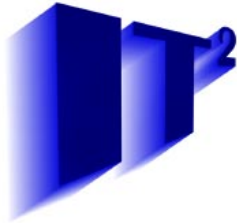
## Next Generation Internet Architecture



### LEGEND

- DREN** - Defense Research & Engineering Network
- NREN** - NASA Research and Education Network
- vBNS** - Very High Speed Backbone Network Service (NSF)  
NOTE: vBNS will support initial Internet 2 community
- SuperNet** - Terabit Research Network (DARPA)

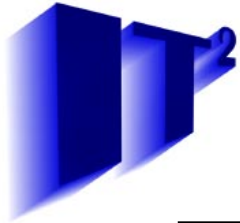
- ◆ - NREN Application Partner
- - vBNS Partner
- ★ - Next Generation Internet Exchange



# Fundamental IT Research: Human Computer Interaction and Information Management

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- Research to improve the ways we interact with computers
  - Computers are still too hard to use; computer users waste over 12 percent of their time because they can't understand what their computers are doing
  - Improved accessibility for people without a keyboard and persons with disabilities
  - Better techniques for locating data and extracting “knowledge”
- Proposed research areas:
  - Computers that speak, listen, and understand human language
  - Information visualization

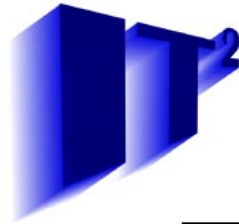


# Stretching the technology

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- Evaluate an advanced mobile emergency response for marine oil spills

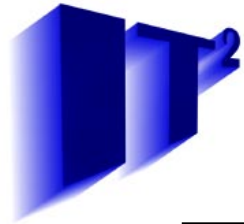




# Advanced Computing for Science, Engineering, and the Nation

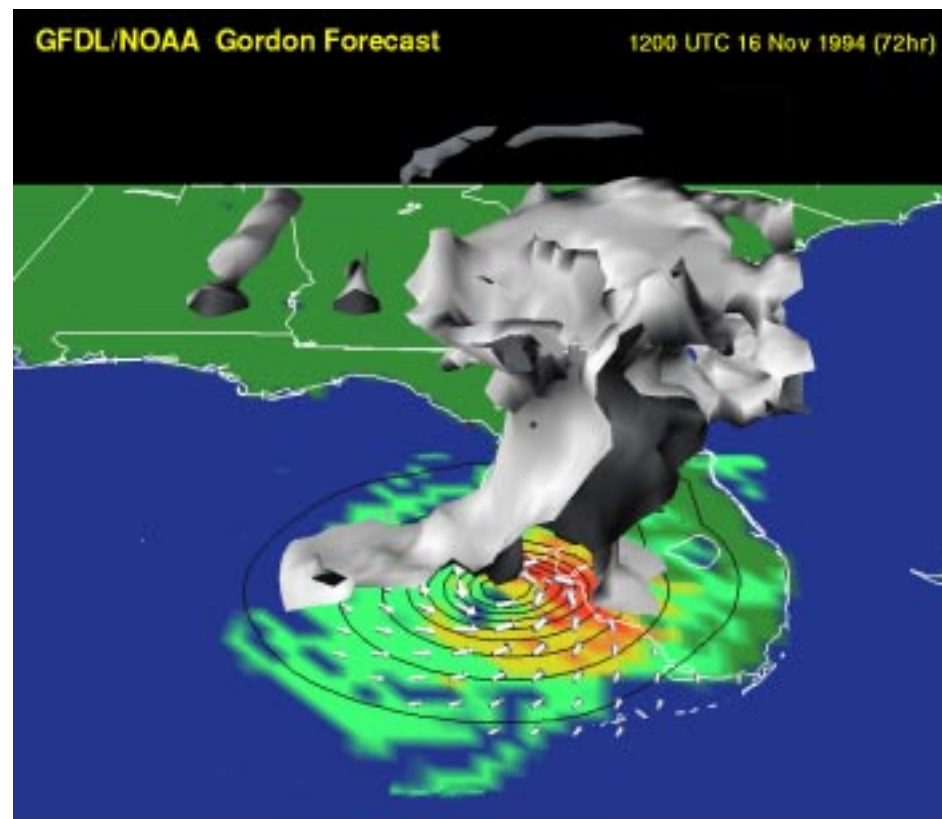
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- Establish and fund multidisciplinary teams working on our most challenging problems, including:
  - Disaster prediction and mitigation
  - Predicting climate change
  - Predicting severe weather
  - Understanding genetic function
  - Computational seismology
  - Simulating combustion
  - Simulating materials
  - Simulating complex vehicles and missions



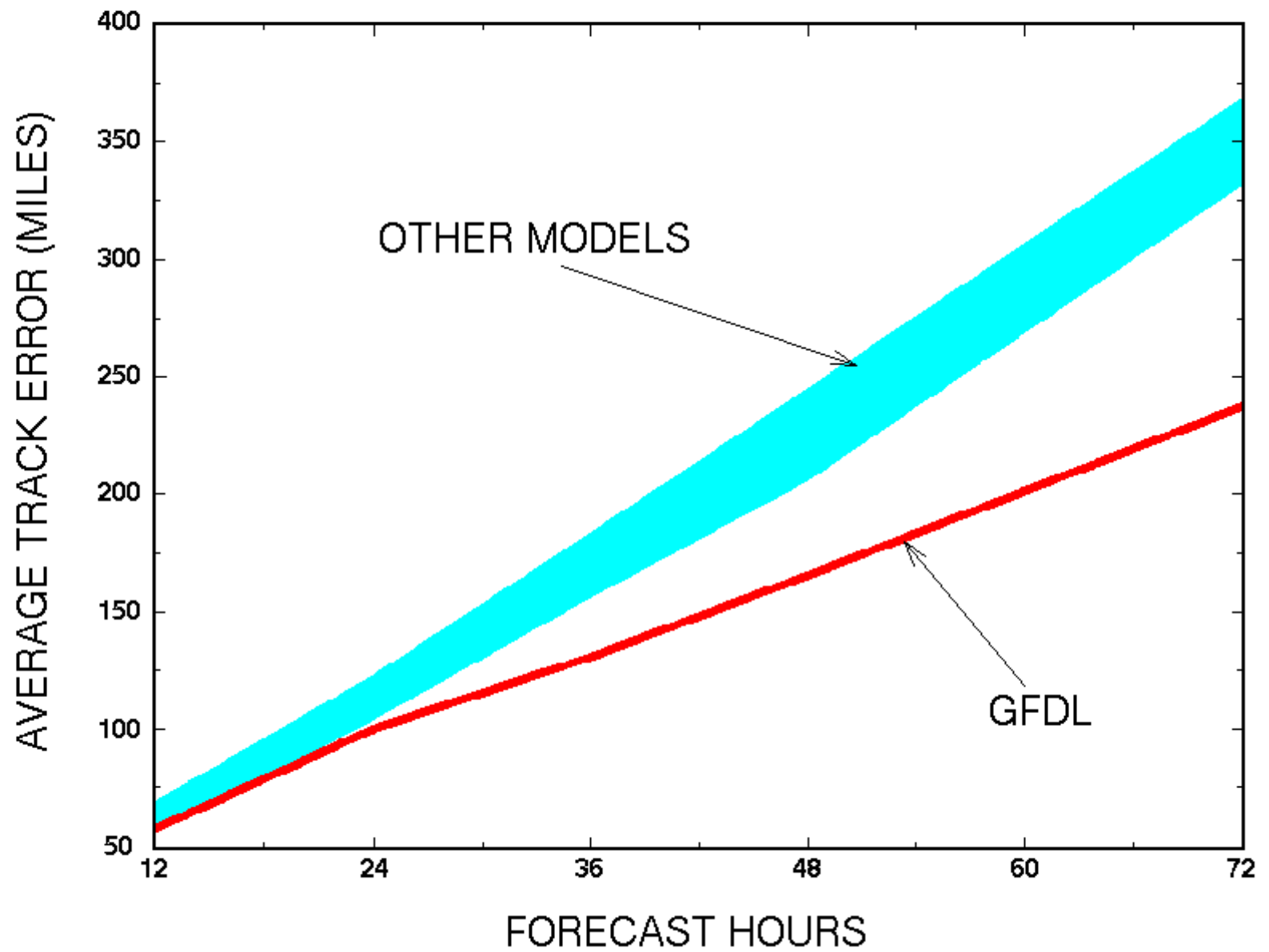
# Simulation and Forecasting

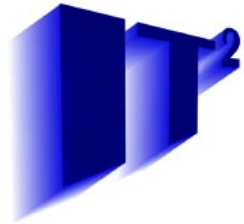
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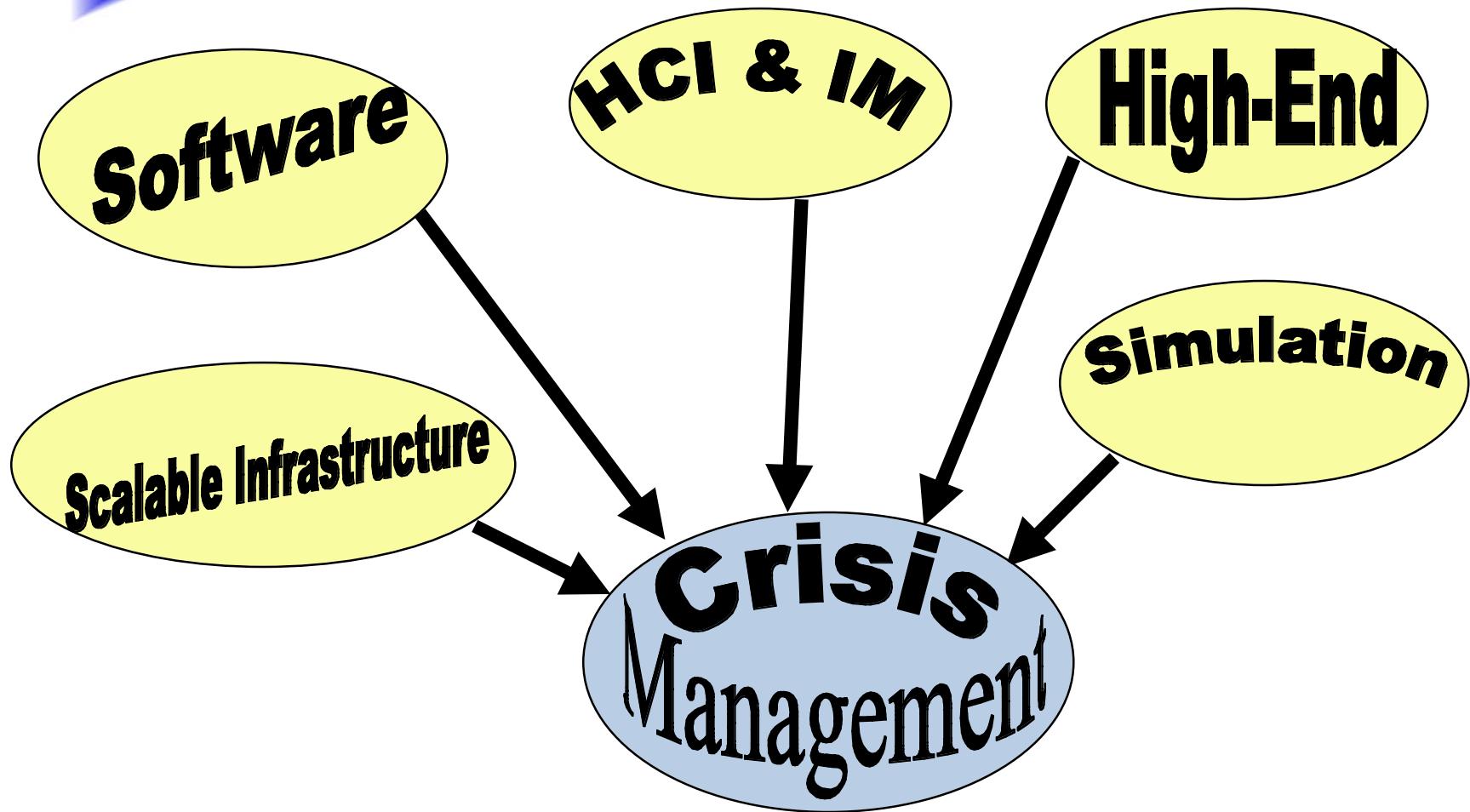
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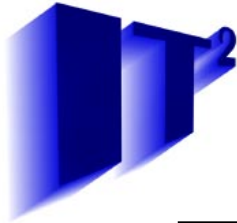
1995 ATLANTIC HURRICANE SEASON





# Enabling Technology Center for Crisis Management





# For More Information

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- [www.ccic.gov](http://www.ccic.gov)
- [www.ngi.gov](http://www.ngi.gov)